

After life Plan

Deliverable Action E3

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LIFE 16 ENV/IT/000547







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1. Introduction

According to a FAO survey, around one third of the food produced for human consumption, roughly 1,3 billions tons, of which 80% still consumable, is lost or wasted. Every year the food produced and wasted consumes a volume of water equal to 250 km3, requires 1,4 billion ha of land, around 30% of the world agricultural land, and it is responsible for the emission of 3,3 billion tons of greenhouse gases. If food waste were a country it would be the third emitting one. While in developing countries over 40% of losses occur during the harvest or processing phase, food waste in industrialized countries is caused by a combination of supply chains inefficiencies and consumer behaviour. The supply and distribution chains are not always able to provide excess food at low cost to consumers or for donation while reading correctly the expiration label may be difficult for consumers resulting on edible food that goes to waste.

Moreover, consumers are responsible of poor management of leftovers and poor planning of shopping, buying more groceries than they can consume, often ignoring not aesthetically sound fruits and vegetables that remain unsold at the counter or even go to waste at the farm.

In the Hotel Restaurant Catering (Ho.Re.Ca) food waste is caused by the offering of ever larger portions while doggy bags for leftovers or last minute meals at the end of day are still options that are not adequately considered. Minimizing excess food production and making it available for human consumption before its expiration date is the first action to reduce food waste. This requires incentives to increase donation to charities and pre-expiration sales and also to raise consumer awareness on how to reduce food waste.

i-REXFO business model

Energy from organic waste through biogas production and use of the resulting digestate as a fertilizer, yields great environmental benefits, in terms of CO2 and water avoided emission and consumption respectively. It also generates cash that can cover partially or totally the cost for incentives for donations and consumer awareness.

i-REXFO reduces significantly the amount of food waste landfilled through an innovative approach that sustains actions to reduce food waste by promoting energy production from organic residues. Focus is on food waste produced by farms and food industries, by retailers and Ho.Re.Ca and by consumers. i-REXFO business model promotes biogas production from food waste in substitution of energy crops, resulting in an environmental benefit deriving from the reduction in the use of fertilizers, irrigation, etc and from the avoided landfilling of the organic waste.

Moreover, the lower cost of the fuel contributes to the economic sustainability of the i-REXFO business model together with the carbon credits that partners can claim for the environmental benefits produced.

These revenues cover the additional costs for food waste transportation and selection and provide finances for waste reduction actions:

- to charities for their recovery and donation of excess food.
- to Ho.Re.Ca for the acquisition and distribution of doggy bags and the promotion of last minute meals.
- to retailers for the design of low cost areas for pre-expiration sales.
- to consumer oriented awareness raising campaigns on food waste reduction.

Benefits for the community are evident namely in:

- providing food to people in need,
- reducing food waste and the related environmental impact, carbon footprint and energy-water consumption.











Figure 1 – iREXFO business model leverages public funding for food waste reduction – From spot incentives for single initiatives to continuous funding of actions to reduce surplus food and food waste

Benefits for partners are also evident namely in the increased cash flow, thanks to claimable carbon credits, and in an increase in the company social and environmental sustainability business performance, that can be disclosed in the corporate sustainability reporting ,according to the 2014 | 95 | EU Non-Financial Reporting Directive (NFRD).

i-REXFO business model is in line with the classification of sustainable activities foreseen in the Regulation (EU) 2020 | 852 on Taxonomy that establishes a framework to facilitate sustainable investments.

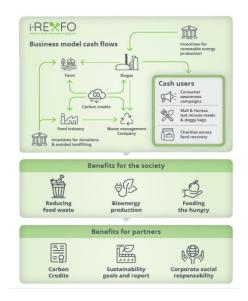


Figure 2 - iREXFO business model concept and cash flow

i-REXFO demonstration

Starting from September 2017, i-REXFO designed and built the solidarity and sustainable business model in Umbria – Italy with a software especially developed (transferability tool) and available for free in open source format on the project website www.irexfo.eu. The user identifies the batches of food waste available on EU territory, and the software evaluates the distance from the biogas plant and the methane production potential. To obtain this result, SESLAB has analyzed 100 types of food waste to determine their chemical-physical characteristics and above all the Bio-Methanation Potential (BMP), in bespoken mini reactors especially designed. The database itself is an important contribution to the state of the art and was therefore published in Golden Open Access format.









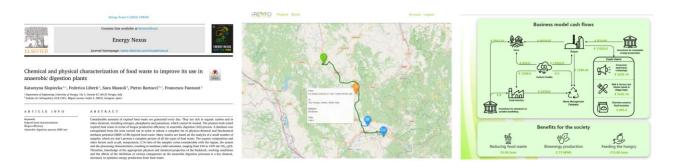


Figure 3 – Database on waste food characteristics and transferability tool

Through an optimization algorithm the software selects the quantities and location of waste food to maximize the economic profit and the avoided emissions of CO2, also considering transportation. The resulting economic benefits are then shared among partners and for the activities related to minimization of food waste in retail and Ho.Re.Ca, consumer awareness campaigns and for the recovery and donation of surplus to charities. The software can be used in any EU country and has been used to design similar supply chains in Puglia and Piemonte in Italy and Észak Alföld, Közép Dunántúl in Hungary.

In the last 18 months of the project i-REXFO has demonstrated in Umbria the economic and environmental feasibility of the solidarity and sustainable supply chain. IREXFO

- distributed to the Ho.Re.Ca of the provinces of Perugia and Terni, 100,000 design containers for the recovery of leftovers (doggy bags) and information material with practical advice for sustainable shopping, leftovers management and for reading correctly the expiration labels;
- installed 4 showcases for pre-expiration food sales were equipped with video installations in large supermarkets in Umbria (Coop, Conad and Emi), to provide useful information on how to reduce food waste and the environmental consequences.
- charities in Perugia and Terni took care of the recovery of food surplus from food industries and supermarkets which was eventually distributed in the solidarity emporiums they manage.
- installation of plexiglass containers for the recovery of household packaged surplus food in schools and parishes during awareness raising activities.



Figure 4 - iREXFO financed actions to reduce food waste

In the demonstration phase, these activities were financed by cash provided by the partners of the energy supply chain, namely biogas producers and waste management company.



Figure 5 – iREXFO produced biogas from food waste











i-REXFO impact

The i-REXFO software tool was used to design different scenarios in geographical areas characterized by different sensitivity towards food waste, different legislation regarding the use of food waste in biogas plants and of digestate on fields and different incentives for renewable energy production. Different cash flows resulted from varying bio-methanation potential of residues also considering possible oscillation in carbon credits market value.

i-REXFO demonstrated that in the **best-case scenario**, in which food waste with high bio-methanation potential is recovered (e.g. oil & fats, chocolate, cereals, etc.) and carbon credits are valued at 96 €/ton (February 2022 value), the business model is self-sustaining without the need for additional incentives besides those available for renewable energy production.

In the **worst-case scenario**, in which food waste with low bio-methanation potential is recovered (e.g. fruit & vegetables, juices, beverages, etc.) and carbon credits are valued at 20 €/ton (May 2020 value), the business model requires support in the form of an additional public incentive provided to food waste suppliers as a reward for sustainable disposal.

i-REXFO has demonstrated in Umbria the possibility of avoiding the landfilling of over 2500 tons/year of food waste that instead contributed to the production of over 2200 MWh/year of renewable energy and the donation of over 120 tons/year for surpluses. The integrated system has avoided the production of over 9200 tons/year of CO2 equivalent and the consumption of over 496,000 m3 of water, i-REXFO KPI were measured also considering a 5% engagement of people alerted.

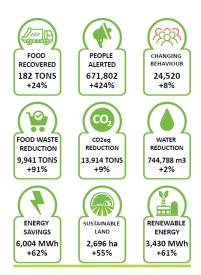


Figure 5 - iREXFO Key Project Indicators - KPI



Figure 6 - iREXFO dissemination reached also Nobel Prize recipient dr. Muhammad Yunus











2. AFTER LIFE Exploitation Plan

WHAT

Project AfterLife will guarantee the running of the iREXFO business model in Umbria and implement the i-REXFO approach in the target areas identified during the replicability and transferability action (B4) namely in Puglia and Piemonte in Italy and Észak Alföld, Közép Dunántúl in Hungary.

The replicability and transferability plan developed in B4.3, together with the lessons learned during the fine tuning and permanent running of the REF (B2.3) and EFE (B3.3) chains were used to identify the resources.

REF (Reduction of Expired food) CHAIN - ACTIVITIES

Here is a projection of the activities that will be carried out in the after life in the areas. Two different scenarios were considered depending on the valorization of carbon credits (see section How) and on the availability of food waste for biogas production.

1) Horeca awareness campaign kit



1.1 DOGGY BAGS

Compostable thermal container for excess food recovery in Ho.Re.Ca's – 0,5 kg. Cardboard handle with project logos and information on the outside and consumer awareness info on how to reduce food waste on the inside.

SCENARIO A

N° items - 500 per Horeca N° of HORECA – 100 TOTAL ITEMS – 50.000

SCENARIO B

N° items - 500 per Horeca N° of HORECA – 10 TOTAL ITEMS – 5.000

1.2 STICKERS

Window/door sticker for iREXFO partners

SCENARIO A

N° items - 2 per Horeca N° of HORECA – 100 TOTAL ITEMS – 200

SCENARIO B

N° items - 2 per Horeca N° of HORECA – 10 TOTAL ITEMS – 20















i-REXFO

PORTA MENÙ

1.3 FLYERS

Foldable flyer 4 pages - Consumer awareness information on how to reduce food waste during shopping, conservation and disposal.

SCENARIO A

N° items – 1.000 per Horeca

N° of HORECA – 100

TOTAL ITEMS – 100.000

SCENARIO B

N° items – 1.000 per Horeca

 N° of HORECA – 10

TOTAL ITEMS - 10.000

1.4 MENU' HOLDERS

Cardboard menu holder with project logo on the front side and consumer tips on how to reduce food waste on the back side

SCENARIO A

N° items – 20 per Horeca

N° of HORECA – 100

TOTAL ITEMS – 2.000

SCENARIO B N° items – 20 per Horeca N° of HORECA – 10 TOTAL ITEMS – 200

2) Mall campaign kit

i-REXFO



2.1 DIGITAL REGLETTE

Digital video reglette to be positioned on top of pre-expiration food containers. Video contents with consumer awareness information on food waste environmental effects and how to reduce food waste.

SCENARIO A
N° items -1 per Mall
N° of Mall – 4
TOTAL ITEMS – 4

SCENARIO B N° items -1 per Mall N° of Mall – 1 TOTAL ITEMS – 1













2.2 FLYERS

Foldable flyer 8 pages - Consumer awareness information on how to reduce food waste during shopping, conservation and disposal.

SCENARIO A N° items – 2.500 per Mall N° of MALL – 4 TOTAL ITEMS – 10.000

SCENARIO B N° items – 2.500 per Mall N° of MALL – 1

TOTAL ITEMS - 2.500

2.3 FLYERS

Foldable flyer 6 pages - Consumer awareness information on how to read the expiration label.

SCENARIO A N° items – 2.500 per Mall N° of MALL – 4 TOTAL ITEMS – 10.000

SCENARIO B N° items – 2.500 per Mall N° of MALL – 1 TOTAL ITEMS – 2.500





3) Charities activities



3.1 PLEXIGLASS BOX IN SCHOOLS

Distribution of plexiglass containers in schools to recover excess food from pupils and families and distribution in solidarity markets and canteens.

SCENARIO A $N^{\circ} \text{ items} - 1 \text{ per School} \\ N^{\circ} \text{ of Schools} - 20 \\ \text{TOTAL ITEMS} - 20 \text{ (13 already available)} \\$

SCENARIO B $N^{\circ} \text{ items} - 1 \text{ per School} \\ N^{\circ} \text{ of Schools} - 13 \\ \text{TOTAL ITEMS} - 13 \text{ (already available)}$

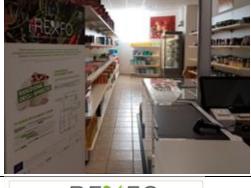














3.2 EXCESS FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Recovery of excess food from food industries and farm and distribution in solidarity markets and canteens.

SCENARIO A

Food surplus donors – 15 (11 malls and 4 Ho.Re.Ca.) N° of Solidarity markets/canteens - 3

SCENARIO B

Food surplus donors – 10 (10 malls and 0 Ho.Re.Ca) N° of Solidarity markets/canteens – 1

3.3 STUDENT AWARENESS RAISING

Activities in primary schools to raise awareness environmental and ethical consequences of food waste. Laboratory on climate change, bioenergy, food waste and energy/water savings.

SCENARIO A

N° items - 6 hrs lessons N° of Schools - 13 TOTAL hrs – 78



EFE (Expired Food to Energy) CHAIN - ACTIVITIES



1.1 FOOD WASTE RECOVERY

Recovery of food waste from food industries and food farms for biogas production

SCENARIO A

Waste food recovered - 2500 ton

SCENARIO B

Waste food recovered - 2500 ton



1.2 BIOGAS AND DIGESTATE PRODUCTION

Biogas, digestate and renewable energy production from selected food waste in existing biogas plants.

SCENARIO A

Waste food to biogas - 2500 ton Renewable energy production – 424 MWh

SCENARIO B

Waste food to biogas - 2500 ton

Renewable energy production - 424 MWh











HOW

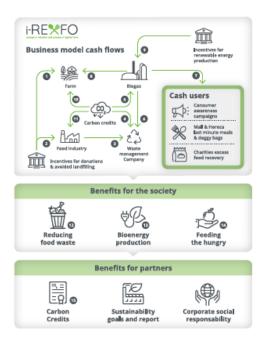
Yearly costs to carry out the activities for the REF chain are the following which include (operational costs (personnel, gasoline, etc.) and production costs (flyers, doggy bags, etc.):

REF	SCENARIO A	SCENARIO B
1 Activities in Ho.Re.Ca	€ 35.000	€ 3.500
2 Activities in Malls	€ 20.000	€ 2.000
3 Activities in Charities and Schools	€ 77.000	€ 24.000
TOTAL	€ 132.000	€ 29.000

They will be covered by revenues of the EFE chain, carbon credits and incentives for renewable energy production and avoided landfilling, according to the business model cash flow scheme (Figure 7)

i-REXFO demonstrated that in the best case scenario, in which food waste with high bio-methanation potential is recovered (e.g. oil & fats, chocolate, cereals, etc.) and carbon credits are valued at 96 €/ton (February 2022 value), the business model is self-sustaining without the need for additional incentives besides those available for renewable energy production.

In the worst-case scenario, in which food waste with low bio-methanation potential is recovered (e.g. fruit & vegetables, juices, beverages, etc.) and carbon credits are valued at 20 €/ton (May 2020 value), the business model requires support in the form of an additional public incentive provided to food waste suppliers as a reward for sustainable disposal.



	Carbon credits @ 96 €/ton		Carbon credits @ 20 €/ton	
	High CH4 yield Food Waste	Low CH4 yield Food Waste	High CH4 yield Food Waste	Low CH4 yield Food Waste
0	€0	€0	€0	€ 16.940
3	€0	€0	€ 45.614	€0
•	€ 112.500	€0	€ 112.500	€0
0	€0	€0	€0	€0
0	€ 140.346	€ 97.931	€ 29.239	€ 20.402
6	€ 198.563	€0	€ 198.563	€0
0	€ 191.396	€ 148.442	€ 29.239	€ 20.402
8	€0	€ 53.438	€0	€ 53.438
9	€ 315.053	€ 84.788	€ 315.053	€ 84.788
1	€0	€ 20.000	€0	€ 20.000
0	€ 50.000	€0	€ 50.000	€0
Œ	2921 tons	2794 tons	2588 tons	2561 tons
ⅎ	1575 MWh	424 MWh	1575 MWh	424 MWh
•	421 tons	294 tons	88 tons	61 tons
ß	2515 t CO ₂ eq	1755 t CO ₂ eq	1681 t CO ₂ eq	1173 t CO₂eq

Figure 7 – iREXFO business model cash flow for best-case (SCENARIO A) and worst-case scenario (SCENARIO B)







REQUIREMENTS

The iREXFO business model produces a sensible reduction in CO2_{eq} emissions which can be calculated and verified by a third party thanks to the open source transferability tool. For the financial sustainability of the business model **iREXFO** requires the economic valorisation of the carbon footprint reduction for every partner through a third party Verified Emission Reduction in a Voluntary Carbon Market that takes into account the carbon reduction obtained by digestate use in agriculture, avoided landfilling of food waste, surplus food donations and consumer awareness campaigns for food waste and food loss reduction.

The iREXFO business model requires a **biogas plant facility able to process food waste** in full compliance with standing regulation and authorization while **receiving incentives for renewable energy production** and **using the resulting digestate in agriculture**, without prior composting which would require a dedicated composting unit, unaffordable for farmers.

According to these requirements iREXFO produced a set of EU recommendations to remove main barriers to the implementation of the business model across member states. They are synthetized in Figure 8. Given the critical requirements highlighted, a risk assessment and contingency plan is also provided (Figure 9).

BARRIERS TO IREXFO APPLICATION	EU RECOMMENDATION FOR POLICY MEASURES	SPECIFIC DG RECIPIENT
Multiple operators are needed	Establishment of legal COnsortia of operators of circular business models to Reduce FOod WAste (CORFOWA);	JUST
Subsidies to food waste fuelled biogas plants	Encourage EU incentives for renewable energy/fuel production from food waste priori- tizing biogas plants in CORFOWAs;	ENER-ENV;
Facilitate reuse of digestate in fie l ds	- Encourage member states to roll out EoW criteria (2008/98/EC) for food waste derived biogas fuels - Promote the direct use of digestate (no composting) as a fertilizer and the uptake of Regulation (EU) 2019/1009; - Allow reduced authorization procedures for CORFOWAS;	ENV-SANTE;
Promote recognition of carbon credits for all operators	- Facilitate and promote the access to the ETS market (Directive 2003/87/EC) to voluntary and third parties Verified Emission Reduction (VER); - Consider CORFOWA a sustainable activity according to Taxonomy Regulation (EU) 2020/852 and include as a listed activity in a specific delegated act; - Extend PEF procedures and PEFCR methodologies to biogas, surplus food donation and food waste prevention measures and awareness campaigns;	ENV-CLIMA

Figure 8 – iREXFO EU recommendation for barrier removal

REQUIREMENT	RISK	SEVERITY PROBABILITY	CONTINGENCY
Roll out End of Waste criteria (Directive 2008/98/EC) for food waste derived	Significant delay in rolling out EoW criteria	High	Focus on food waste without a CER Code Switch to scenario B
fuels;	in the focus areas	High	
Incentives for energy - biogas- biomethane production from food waste	Reduced or non existing incentives in the focus	High	Increase in local incentives to the business model
across the EU;	areas	Low	











			Switch to scenario B
Uptake Regulation 2019/1009/EU on fertilizers.	Significant delay in the uptake of regulation in	Medium	Switch to biogas plant with composting unit
	the focus areas	Medium	
Rolling out of a voluntary carbon market	Significant delay in	High	Start procedure for third party Verified
in the EU	rolling out a voluntary carbon market in the EU	Very High	Emission Reduction (VER) obtained through iREXFO and marketing action.
			Increase in local incentives to the business model
			Switch to scenario B
Inclusion of VER (Verified Emission	EU future policy on	High	Start procedure for third party Verified
Reduction) in the EU-ETS market (Directive 2008/87/EC) trading		Very High	Emission Reduction (VER) obtained through iREXFO and marketing action.
			Increase in local incentives to the business model
			Switch to scenario B

Figure 9 – Risk Assessment and Contingency Plan

CONCRETE STEPS FOR REPLICATION IN EACH AREA

Umbria	Piemonte	Puglia	Észak Alföld	Közép Dunántúl
Società Agricola	Società Agricola	Azienda Agricola	Biogaz	Biogaz
Iraci Borgia	Cascina Bertone	A.r.t.e. srl	STEP 1 - Lobbies (with	STEP 1 - Lobbies (Ministry
STEP 1 monitors closely and as an active member of CIB (Consorzio Italiano Biogas) lobbies to include specific categories the inclusion of food waste with CER code in the list of inputs to biogas	STEP 1 - monitors closely the inclusion of food waste with CER code in the list of inputs to biogas plants allowed to spread digestate in field without prior composting.	STEP 2 focuses on food waste without a CER code Finds new food waste providers. EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new food byproducts providers with quantities	Ministry of Industry) to receive public incentives for electricity produced by food waste in biogas plant. EXPECTED OUTPUT → incentives for biogas production from food waste	of Industry) to receive public incentives for electricity produced by food waste in biogas plant. EXPECTED OUTPUT → incentives for biogas production from food waste
plants allowed to spread digestate in field without prior composting. EXPECTED OUTPUT → National-Regional Law allowing use of digestate from food waste in fields without composting STEP 2 – Start new authorization procedure to include	→ National-Regional Law allowing use of digestate from food waste in fields without composting STEP 2 – Start new authorization procedure to include food waste as an input. EXPECTED OUTPUT		STEP 2 – Start new authorization procedure to receive incentives and include food waste or EoW from food waste as an input. EXPECTED OUTPUT → Authorization to use food waste/EoW and receive incentives	STEP 2 – Start new authorization procedure to receive incentives and include food waste or EoW from food waste as an input. EXPECTED OUTPUT → Authorization to use food waste/EoW and receive incentives











food waste as an	→ Authorization to		STEP 3 - Finds new	STEP 3 - Finds new food
input.	use food waste		food waste providers	waste providers
EXPECTED OUTPUT			EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT
→ Authorization to	STEP 3 - Finds new		→ List of new waste	→ List of new waste food
use waste food	food waste providers		food providers with	providers with quantities
	EXPECTED OUTPUT		quantities	
STEP 3 - Finds new	→ List of new waste			
food waste providers	food providers with			
EXPECTED OUTPUT	quantities			
→ List of new waste				
food providers with				
quantities				
ECO-Partner	ECO-Partner	ECO-Partner	Biogaz	Biogaz
0750.4	OTED 4	OTED 4	0750 4 3	0.750 4 33 4 4
STEP 1 - monitors	STEP 1 - monitors	STEP 1 - monitors	STEP 1 - monitors	STEP 1 - monitors closely
closely the Uptake of	closely the Uptake of	closely the Uptake of	closely the Uptake of	the Uptake of EoW
EoW legislation and	EoW legislation and	EoW legislation and	EoW legislation and	legislation and lobbies with
lobbies with Ministries.	lobbies with Ministries.	lobbies with Ministries.	lobbies with Ministries.	Ministries.
EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT
→ National-Regional	→ National-Regional	→ National-Regional	→ National Law	→ National Law
Law introducing EoW	Law introducing EoW	Law introducing EoW	introducing EoW for food	introducing EoW for food
for food waste	for food waste	for food waste	waste	waste
STEP 2 – Start the	STEP 2 – Start the	STEP 2 – Start the	STEP 2 – Promotes the	STEP 2 – Promotes the
procedure for EoW	procedure for EoW	procedure for EoW	the start of procedures	the start of procedures for
EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	for EoW recognition of	EoW recognition of its
	→ EoW recognition		_	food waste providers
→ EoW recognition	- Eow recognition	→ EoW recognition	its food waste providers EXPECTED OUTPUT	
STEP 3 - Finds new	STEP 3 - Finds new	STEP 3 - Finds new		EXPECTED OUTPUT →
		food waste providers	→ EoW recognition of	EoW recognition of food
food waste providers EXPECTED OUTPUT	food waste providers EXPECTED OUTPUT	EXPECTED OUTPUT	food waste providers	waste providers
			STEP 3 - Finds new	OTED O Finale many Fally
→ List of new waste	→ List of new waste	→ List of new waste		STEP 3 - Finds new EoW
food providers with	food providers with	food providers with	EoW providers	providers EXPECTED
quantities	quantities	quantities	EXPECTED OUTPUT	OUTPUT → List of new
			→ List of new EoW	EoW providers with
			providers with quantities	quantities
UNIPG/HFA	UNIPG/HFA	UNIPG/HFA	HFA/UNIPG	HFA/UNIPG
STEP 1 – Evaluation	STEP 1 – Evaluation	STEP 1 – Evaluation	STEP 1 – Evaluation of	STEP 1 – Evaluation of
of Voluntary third party	of Voluntary third party	of Voluntary third party	Voluntary third party	Voluntary third party
Verified Emission	Verified Emission	Verified Emission	Verified Emission	Verified Emission
Reduction (VER) –	Reduction (VER) -	Reduction (VER) -	Reduction (VER) –	Reduction (VER) – Direct
Direct contact with	Direct contact with	Direct contact with	Direct contact with	contact with Goldstandard
Goldstandard –	Goldstandard –	Goldstandard –	Goldstandard –	- VCS/VERRA -
i de la companya de		ì	VCS/VERRA -	Reteclima EXPECTED
VCS/VERRA -	VCS/VERRA -	VCS/VERRA -	VCS/VERRA -	Notcomina EXI ECTED
VCS/VERRA - Reteclima	VCS/VERRA - Reteclima	VCS/VERRA - Reteclima	Reteclima EXPECTED	OUTPUT → Economic
Reteclima	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT	Reteclima	Reteclima EXPECTED	OUTPUT → Economic
Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT	Reteclima	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic	OUTPUT → Economic
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Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT Economic and technical feasibility	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT Economic and technical feasibility	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT Economic and technical feasibility	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of	OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary
Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility	OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of
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Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction	OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction (VER) EXPECTED OUTPUT →
Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction (VER) EXPECTED	OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction (VER)
Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party	Reteclima EXPECTED OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction	OUTPUT → Economic and technical feasibility STEP 2 - Start up of procedure for Voluntary third party Verified Emission Reduction (VER) EXPECTED OUTPUT → Voluntary Emission











→ Voluntary Emission	→ Voluntary Emission	→ Voluntary Emission		
Certification	Certification	Certification		
A+	A+	A+	HFA	HFA
STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for consumer actions EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for consumer actions EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for consumer actions EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for consumer actions EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for consumer actions EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls
STEP 3 – Organisation of logistics in each facility EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 3 – Organisation of logistics in each facility EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 3 – Organisation of logistics in each facility EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 3 – Organisation of logistics in each facility EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 3 – Organisation of logistics in each facility EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics
CARITAS Perugia	CARITAS Diocesana	CARITAS Diocesana	HFA	HFA
and Terni STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for food donation EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls STEP 3 – organisation of logistics in each canteen/solidarity market EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for food donation EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls STEP 3 – organisation of logistics in each canteen/solidarity market EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for food donation EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls STEP 3 – organisation of logistics in each canteen/solidarity market EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for food donation EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls STEP 3 – organisation of logistics in each canteen/solidarity market EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics	STEP 2 – finds new HoReCa's and Malls available for food donation EXPECTED OUTPUT → List of new HoReCa and Malls STEP 3 – organisation of logistics in each canteen/solidarity market EXPECTED OUTPUT → Design of logistics

TIMELINE

STEP 1 start @ 01-01-2023 – STEP 2 starts when all STEP 1 of every partner in that area are finalised – STEP 3 starts when all STEP 2 of every partner in that area are finalised

WHERE

The activities will be carried out in Umbria, Puglia and Piemonte regions in Italy and Észak Alföld Közép Dunántúl regions in Hungary,

WHO

The activities will be carried out by iREXFO partners and associates in all Regions. To this aim partners have signed a Memorandum of Understanding.

WHEN

The activities will be carried out in 2023-2025,









3. AFTER LIFE Communication & Dissemination Plan

WHAT

The after-LIFE Communication and Dissemination Plan was designed based on the experience gained during the project, the effectiveness of the dissemination activities performed and the response achieved by the audience through these activities. The continuous maintenance and operation of the of the i-REXFO website (www.irexfo.eu) will guarantee the possibility to download the projects' informative leaflet and Layman's Report and the transferability tool, in an Open Access modality.

The communication plan will also consider:

- maintenance of the project's notice board with the Life + logo;
- continuation of the dissemination activities through publication of articles and interviews;
- distribution of to all interested parties;
- display of project results with special posters in participants' premises that are widely accessible from a large audience;
- communication of project outcomes to scientific teams active in the broader area of food waste management.

1) WEB & SOCIAL



1.1 WEBSITE

Project website <u>www.irexfo.eu</u> will be accessible throughout the afterlife with dissemination material available for download:

- flyers template;
- doggy bags template;
- material for school;
- scientific papers;
- database on food waste;
- access to trasferability tool;

News section will be update with one news per month to share information of events linked to food waste and to give visibility to afterlife activities carried out by partners.

Project website will be linked to partner website throughout the afterlife.



1.2 Social channels

Project social channels (facebook, twitter, linkedin, youtube) will be accessible throughout the afterlife – posts will be guaranteed to share information of events linked to food waste and to give visibility to afterlife activities carried out by partners.











2) SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITY



3.1 Scientific papers

SESLAB will follow up on its research activities on food waste focusing on:

- use the tool to analyse different scenarios in the EU:
- biomethane and biohydrogen production from food waste

Results will be published in selected journals.



3.2 Scientific conferences

SESLAB will attend selected conferences to present iREXFO approach and scientific results.

Already Identified:

08-05-2022 - XXII Congresso Nazional CIRIAF - Perugia

23-05-2022 - "Platform Meeting "Economia circolare: dallo spreco all'efficienza". Scambio di esperienze, trasferimento di buone pratiche e soluzioni innovative per la gestione dei rifiuti e l'uso efficiente delle risorse" - Ministero della Transizione Ecologica - Roma



3.3 Scientific seminars

SESLAB will present iREXFO approach and scientific results in dedicated seminars in the framework of University Courses:

- Energy from biomass and waste M.Sc.
 Mechanical Engineering University of Perugia
- Energy Sysems M.Sc. Industrial Engineering University of Perugia
- Sustainability Ph.D. Energy and sustainable development University of Perugia
- Circular Economy Master in Environmental Management – Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna - Pisa
- Circular business models MBA LUISS Guido Carli - Roma









3) NETWORKING AND COMMUNICATION



4.1 Notice Board

Partners will maintain the iREXFO notice board with LIFE logo on display at their premises throughout the afterlife.

n. ITEMS = 18



4.2 Layman Report

Downloadable from i-Rexfo website.

Partners will distribute the Layman Report in networking events and fairs that they attend.

n. items = 800

Example will be:

- ASME Turboexpo EU USA
- Congress Associazione Termotecnica Italiana Italy
- UNFCC COP



4.3 Networking and Communication

Partners will disseminate iREXFO results and the in networking events and fairs that they attend. Example will be:

- SHARPER Researcher's Night Perugia
- Ecomondo Rimini Itali
- ASME Turboexpo EU USA
- Congress Associazione Termotecnica Italiana Italy
- UNFCC COP

Dissemination will also be guaranteed by members of the iREXFO International Stakeholder Advisory and Assistance Committee (ISAAC) in their respective associations.

The main stakeholders involved are:

- · Wholesale retailers associations and HORECA;
- Food banks and charity associations and their association;
- Waste management companies associations and networks;
- Biogas producers and renewable energies networks;
- Regional and local Government authorities all over Italy and Europe;
- National and European authorities in the field of energy policies, waste management and health (Environmental,







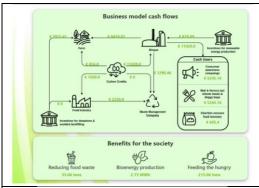




Economic Development and Health Ministries and other national and EU agencies);

- National and European Non Governmental Organisations committed with environmental and social issues;
- Citizens' formal groups or opinion movements dealing with the renewable energy production and the communities' quality of life (local and global vision);
- Universities and research institutes all over Italy, Europe and other third countries.

4) TRANSFERABILITY



4.1 Software Tool

iREXFO transferability tool will be accessible during the afterlife through the website. Partners will guarantee assistance to users interested in carrying out feasibility studies in different countries and scenarios. The tool also gives access to:

- database of bio-methanation potential for expired foods;
- regulation framework;



Regione Umbria

4.2 Coordination table against food waste

Regione Umbria approved a Law to promote actions against food waste [DGR 14-11-2017, n.16] which includes a permanent coordination table – iREXFO Coordinator University of Perugia is a member of the table. The coordination table assigns resources to activities to reduce food waste and is an opportunity for iREXFO model to be replicated in Umbria and to distribute the earnings of the business model.

University of Perugia will maintain his presence in the coordination table throughout the afterlife.



4.3 The EU platform on Food Loss and food Waste - FLW The EU Platform on Food Losses and Food Waste (FLW) was established in 2016, bringing together EU institutions, experts from the EU countries, international organisations and relevant stakeholders. The Platform aims to support all actors in: defining measures needed to prevent food waste; sharing best practice; and evaluating progress made over time.

iREXFO partner HFA is a member of the the EU Platform on Food Losses and Food Waste (FLW): Sub Group on Food Donation and it will continue to share the iREXFO results and











promote iREXFO transferability among the EU members of the platform. HFA will maintain his presence in the FLW throughout the afterlife. 4.4 The FAO SAVE FOOD iniative The SAVE FOOD initiative aims at encouraging dialogue between industry, research, politics, and civil society on food losses. For this purpose, the initiative will brings together stakeholders involved in the food supply chain for conferences and projects and support them in developing effective measures. Another goal is also to raise public awareness of the impact of food waste. iREXFO is partner of the FAO SAVE FOOD initiative and one of its senior technician is a member of iREXFO ISAAC. iREXFO will maintain his presence in the FAO SAVE FOOD initiative throughout the afterlife.	_	·
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		initiative throughout the afterlife.

HOW

Yearly costs to carry out the activities for will be covered by partners with own resources

	PARTNER	RESOURCES
1 WEB & SOCIAL University of Perugia (web site) - All		Own resources
	partners (other activities)	
2 SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITY	University of Perugia	Own resources
3 NETWORKING AND COMMUNICATION	All partners	Own resources
4 TRASFERABILITY	University of Perugia - HFA	Own resources

WHERE

The activities will be carried out in Italy, Hungary and Denmark

WHO

The activities will be carried out by project partners (see above)

WHEN

The activities will be carried out in 2023-2025,



